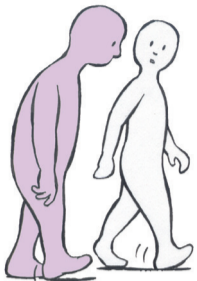


PARKINSON'S DISEASE CAN LEAD TO CHALLENGES IN AREAS SUCH AS

MOVEMENT

Stiffness and slowness



Bradykinesia

Reduced and smaller



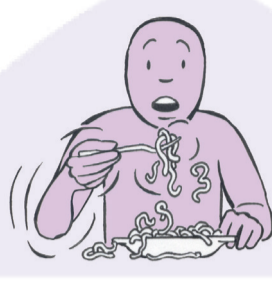
Hypokinesia

Initiating and stopping



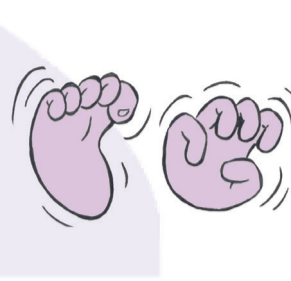
Akinesia

Involuntary

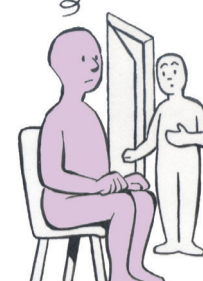


Dyskinesia

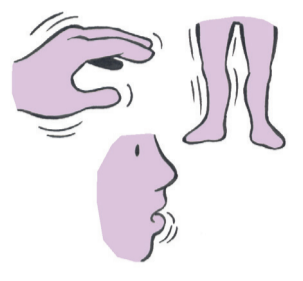
Dystonia/cramps



On-Off Freezing

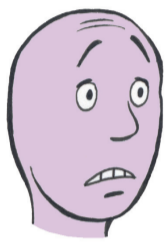


Tremor

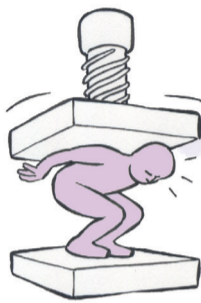


THINKING & EMOTIONS

Fear and panic



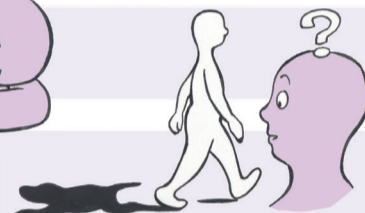
Stress



Depression and apathy



Psychoses

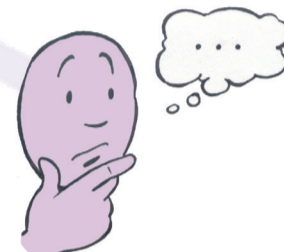


Hallucinations, illusions and delusions

Impulse control disorder



Thinking



Dementia



EATING & DRINKING

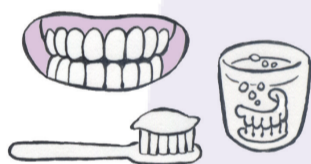
Smell and taste



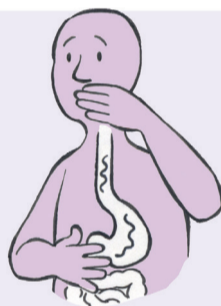
Chewing, swallowing and saliva management



Oral and dental care



Stomach



Losing/gaining weight



Bowel function

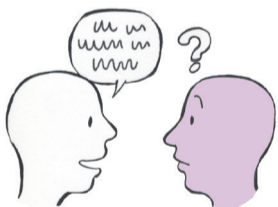


Bladder function

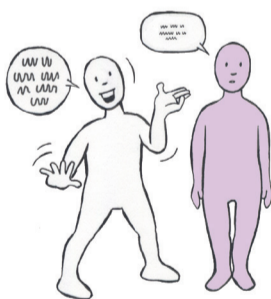


AND SO MUCH MORE

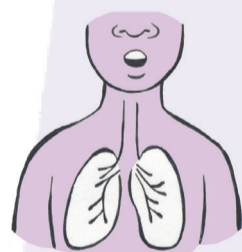
Understanding communication



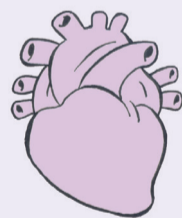
Speech



Lungs and breathing



Heart and blood vessels



Sleep



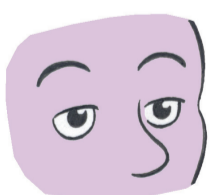
Intimacy and sexual health



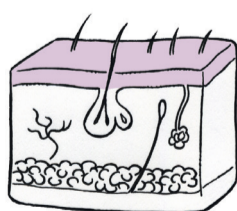
Sensory overload



Vision



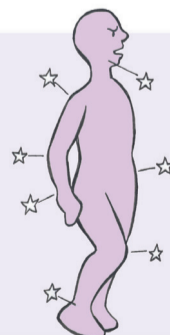
Skin



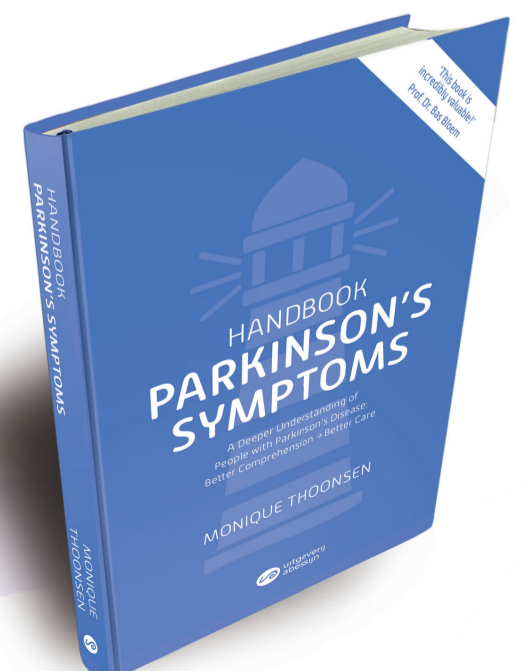
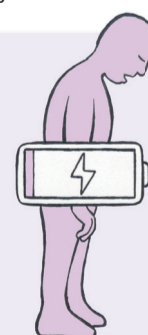
Experience of temperature



Pain



Fatigue



In the HANDBOOK PARKINSON'S SYMPTOMS, you can read about possible symptoms. What's going on? What's to be done? What's to be avoided?